

Short tutorial for solver SMIQP

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1 Introduction

The software `Solution of Mixed Integer Quadratic Programs (SMIQP)` is an open-source C code that implements method `Mixed Integer Quadratic Convex Reformulation (MIQCR)` [2, 12, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9]. It that solves to ϵ -global optimality MIQCQP (Mixed Integer Quadratically Constrained Quadratic Programs) problems that can be formulated as (P) :

$$(P) \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \min \langle Q, xx^T \rangle + c^T x & \\ \text{subject to} & \\ a_r^T x = b_r & r = 0, \dots, m-1 \text{ (} m \text{ linear equalities)} \\ d_r^T x \leq e_r & r = 0, \dots, p-1 \text{ (} p \text{ linear inequalities)} \\ \langle Aq_r, xx^T \rangle + c_r^T x = b_r & r = 0, \dots, mq-1 \text{ (} mq \text{ quadratic equalities)} \\ \langle Dq_r, xx^T \rangle + c_r^T x \leq b_r & r = 0, \dots, pq-1 \text{ (} pq \text{ quadratic inequalities)} \\ \ell_i \leq x_i \leq u_i & i = 0, \dots, n-1 \text{ (} n \text{ variables)} \\ x_i \in \mathbb{N} & i = 0, \dots, nb_int-1 \text{ (} nb_int \text{ integer variables)} \\ x_i \in \mathbb{R} & i = nb_int, \dots, n-1 \text{ (} n - nb_int \text{ real variables)} \end{array} \right.$$

with :

- $(Q, c) \in \mathcal{S}_n \times \mathbb{R}^n$,
- $\forall r = 0, \dots, m-1, (a_r) \in \mathbb{R}^n, b \in \mathbb{R}^m$,
- $\forall r = 0, \dots, p-1, (d_r) \in \mathbb{R}^n, e \in \mathbb{R}^p$,
- $\forall r = 0, \dots, mq-1, (Aq_r, c_r) \in \mathcal{S}_n \times \mathbb{R}^n, bq \in \mathbb{R}^{mq}$,
- $\forall r = 0, \dots, pq-1, (Dq_r, c_r) \in \mathcal{S}_n \times \mathbb{R}^n, eq \in \mathbb{R}^{pq}$
- $(\ell, u) \in \mathbb{R}^n \times \mathbb{R}^n$.

MIQCR is a two-phase algorithm. In the first phase, it computes a strong convex formulation of (P) by solving a semi-definite programming problem. Then, the second phase consists in solving (P) with a branch-and-bound algorithm based on this strong quadratic convex relaxation.

It uses the solver `csdp` of Brian Borchers [8] together with the `ConicBundle` library of Christoph Helmberg [10] for solving the semi-definite program. It uses the C interface of the solver `Cplex` [11] for solving the quadratic convex problems at each node of the search tree. For computing feasible local solutions, we use the local solver `Ipopt` [13], or `Scip` [1]. SMIQP also works only with sub-solvers `Scip` or `Ipopt`.

2 Download and Installation instructions for SMIQP

The software SMIQP can be downloaded at www.cedric.cnam.fr/~lamberta/smiqp.

The build process for SMIQP should be fairly automatic as it uses GNU autotools. SMIQP has to be compiled and installed using the commands :

```
./configure  
make
```

The `configure` script attempts to find all of the machine specific settings (compiler, libraries,...) necessary to compile and run the code. Although `configure` should find most of the standard ones, you may have to manually specify a few of the settings. The options for the `configure` script can be found by issuing the command :

```
./configure --help
```

For a more in depth description of these options, the reader is invited to refer to the COIN-OR BuildTools `trac` page.

If you have `Cplex` or `Scip` installed on your machine, you may want to use it as the Mixed Integer Quadratic Programming subsolver. To do so you have to specify the location of the header files and librarie by passing it as an argument to the `configure` script. More precisely, specify the location of the `Cplex/Scip` header files by using the argument `-with-cplex-cflags` and `-with-scip-cflags` and the location

of the Cplex/Scip library with `-with-cplex-lflags` and `-with-scip-lflags`.

For example, on a Linux machine if Cplex is installed in `/usr/ilog`, and Scip in `/usr/local` you would invoke `configure` with the arguments as follows :

```
./configure --with-cplex-cflags="/usr/ilog/CPLEX_Studio129/cplex/include"  
--with-cplex-lflags="/usr/ilog/CPLEX_Studio129/cplex/lib/x86-64_linux/static_pic"  
--with-scip-lflags="/usr/local/include/scip" --with-scip-cflags="/usr/local/lib"
```

3 Input file format

The solver SMIQP reads the following format :

```
n nb_int m p mq pq  
u  
u1 u2 ... un  
l  
l1 l2 ... ln  
Q  
nnzQ  
i j qij  
C  
nnzc  
i ci  
A  
nnzA r = 0, ..., m - 1  
r i ari  
b  
nnzb  
r br  
D  
nnzD r = 0, ..., p - 1  
r i dri  
e  
nnze  
r er  
Aq  
nnzAqr + nnzcr r = 0, ..., mq - 1
```

```

r 0 i + 1 cri
r i + 1 j + 1 qrij
bq
nnzbq
r bqr
Dq
nnzDqr + nnzcr r = 0, ..., pq - 1
r 0 i + 1 cri
r i + 1 j + 1 qrij
eq
nnzeq
r er

```

where $\text{nnz}M_r$ $r = 1, \dots, m$ is the sum of the number of non zero elements of matrices/vectors M_r .

A toy example :

$$(P) \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \min x^T \begin{pmatrix} -7 & 3 & -15 & -4 \\ 3 & -14 & -7 & -13 \\ -15 & -7 & 8 & 7 \\ -4 & -13 & 7 & 12 \end{pmatrix} x + \begin{pmatrix} 15 \\ 10 \\ -7 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix} x \\ \text{subject to} \\ 5x_1 + x_2 + 8x_3 + 4x_4 = 95 \\ 5x_1x_2 + 3x_3^2 + 2x_4^2 + 8x_3 + 4x_4 \leq 105 \\ 0 \leq x_i \leq 10 \\ x_1, x_2 \in \mathbb{N} \\ x_3, x_4 \in \mathbb{R} \end{array} \right. \quad i = 1, \dots, 4$$

The associated file format is the following :

```

4 2 1 0 0 1
u
10 10 10 10
l
0 0 0 0
Q

```

16
0 0 -7
0 1 3
0 2 -15
0 3-4
1 0 3
1 1 -14
1 2 -7
1 3 -13
2 0 -15
2 1 -7
2 2 8
2 3 7
3 0 -4
3 1 -13
3 2 7
3 3 12
c
4
0 15
1 10
2 -7
3 -4
A
4
0 0 5
0 1 1
0 2 8
0 3 4
b
1
0 95
Dq
10
0 0 2 0.5
0 0 3 4.0
0 0 4 2.0
0 1 2 2.5

```

0 2 0 0.5
0 2 1 2.5
0 3 0 4.0
0 3 3 3.0
0 4 0 2.0
0 4 4 2.0
eq
1
0 105

```

Remarks :

- Each index starts from 0.
- Each non-zero term of the matrix Q has to be written in the file. If Q is not symmetric, SMIQP rewrites Q as matrix Q' where $Q' = \frac{Q+Q^T}{2}$.
- If there is no real variable, then `nb_int` is equal to `n`.
- If the problem does not contain linear/quadratic equality or inequality constraints do not put the corresponding lines in the instance file
- If you write a linear constraints using the linear part of a quadratic constraint, the associated RLT constraints will not be used into the convexification process.

4 Parameters

The user can set several parameters, for this create a `param.smiqp` file that contains the new parameter values. An example of this file is the following :

```

MAX_SOL_BB 1e10
MIN_SOL_BB -1e10
EPS_BETA 1e-6
EPS_INT 1e-2
EPS_LM 1e-6
EPS_ABS_GAP 0.99
EPS_BRANCH 1e-4
EPS_BB 1e-5
FACTOR 1
GAMMA 0
MAX_TIME_SOL_INIT 5

```

```

MAX_TIME_SOL_LOCAL 5
EPS_LOCAL_SOL 1e-4
NB_NODE_COMPUTE_LOCAL 10
TIME_LIMIT_BB 3600
REL_GAP 1e-5
ABS_GAP 0.999
PRINT_LEVEL_NODE 50
TIME_LIMIT_CPLEX 3600
VARSEL 0
PRINT_LEVEL SCIP 0
PRINT_LEVEL IPOPT 0
MAX_SOL_SDP 1e12
EPS_VIOL_CB 1e-3
EPS_TERM_CB 1e-4
ACT_BOUND 1
EVAL_LIMIT 1000
UPDATE_LIMIT 500
NB_MAX_ITER 150
TIME_LIMIT_CB 3600
EPS_STEP 1e-2
EPS_SDP 1e-4

```

Where :

- Parameters of SMIQP :
 - MAX_SOL_BB (double parameter : ≥ 0) Starting upper bound on the problem. (default 1e10).
 - MIN_SOL_BB (double parameter : ≤ 0) Starting lower bound on the problem. (default -1e10).
 - EPS_BETA (double parameter : ≥ 0) Accuracy of a Zero, positive or negative value. (default 1e-6).
 - EPS_INT (double parameter : ≥ 0) Accuracy for considering that a value is integer. (default 1e-2).
 - EPS_LM (double parameter : ≥ 0) Accuracy for considering non negative the smallest eigenvalue of S^* . (default 1e-6).
 - EPS_ABS_GAP (double parameter : $\in [0, 1]$) Absolute gap of the spatial branch-and-bound. (default 0.99)
 - EPS_BRANCH (double parameter : ≥ 0) Accuracy for pruning a branch in the spatial branch-and-bound. (default 1e-2).
 - EPS_BB (double parameter : ≥ 0) Relative gap for ending the spatial

- branch-and-bound. (default $1e-5$).
- **FACTOR** (double parameter : $\in [0, 1]$) Proportion of the considered constraints into the SDP solver. (default 1).
- **GAMMA** (double parameter : $\in [0, 1]$) Parameter that determines the value for branching. (default 0).
- **MAX_TIME_SOL_INIT** (int parameter : ≥ 0) Maximum time (in seconds) for computing an upper bound at the root node. (default 5).
- **MAX_TIME_SOL_LOCAL** (int parameter : ≥ 0) Maximum time (in seconds) for computing an upper bound at a node. (default 5).
- **EPS_LOCAL_SOL** (double parameter : ≥ 0) Accuracy for computing an upper bound. (default $1e-4$).
- **NB_NODE_COMPUTE_LOCAL** (int parameter : ≥ 0) Frequency (in nodes) for running local solver during the spatial branch-and-bound. (default 10).
- **TIME_LIMIT_BB** (int parameter : ≥ 0) Time limit for the spatial branch-and-bound. (default 3600).
- **REL_GAP** (double parameter : ≥ 0) Relative gap for the quadratic convex relaxation solved at each node of the spatial branch-and-bound. $1e-5$ (default $1e-5$).
- **ABS_GAP** (double parameter : ≥ 0) Absolute gap the quadratic convex reformulation in the pure integer case. (default 0.999).
- **PRINT_LEVEL_NODE** (int parameter : ≥ 0) Frequency (in nodes) of the print of the state of the spatial branch-and-bound (default 10).
- Parameters of sub-solver **Cplex**
 - **TIME_LIMIT_CPLEX** (int parameter : ≥ 0) Time limit for solving the quadratic convex reformulation in the pure integer case. (default 3600).
 - **VARSSEL** (int parameter : $\in \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4\}$) Variable selection strategy in **Cplex** in the pure integer case. (default 0).
- Parameters of sub-solver **Scip**
 - **PRINT_LEVEL SCIP** (int parameter : ≥ 0) Print level of **Scip** sub-solver (default 0).
- Parameters of sub-solver **Ipopt**
 - **PRINT_LEVEL IPOPT** (int parameter : ≥ 0) Print level of **Ipopt** sub-solver (default 0).
- Parameters of the SDP solver :
 - **MAX_SOL_SDP** (double parameter : ≥ 0) Starting upper SDP bound on the problem. (default $1e12$).
 - **EPS_VIOL_CB** (double parameter : ≥ 0) Accuracy of the violation of a constraints in the **ConicBundle**. (default $1e-3$).

- EPS_TERM_CB (double parameter : ≥ 0) Parameter `sg_norm` of the `ConicBundle`. (default `1e-2`).
- EVAL_LIMIT (int parameter : ≥ 0) Parameter `eval_limit` of the `ConicBundle`. (default `1000`).
- UPDATE_LIMIT (int parameter : ≥ 0) Parameter `update_limit` of the `ConicBundle`. (default `500`).
- NB_MAX_ITER (int parameter : ≥ 0) Maximum number of iteration of the SDP solver. (default `150`).
- TIME_LIMIT_CB (int parameter : ≥ 0) Time limit (in seconds) for the SDP solver. (default `3600`).
- EPS_STEP (double parameter : ≥ 0) Accuracy of a step of the SDP solver. (default `1e-2`).
- EPS_SDP (double parameter : ≥ 0) Accuracy of the SDP solver. (default `1e-4`).

Références

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