

Mifare classic 1k & NFC-Tools Api

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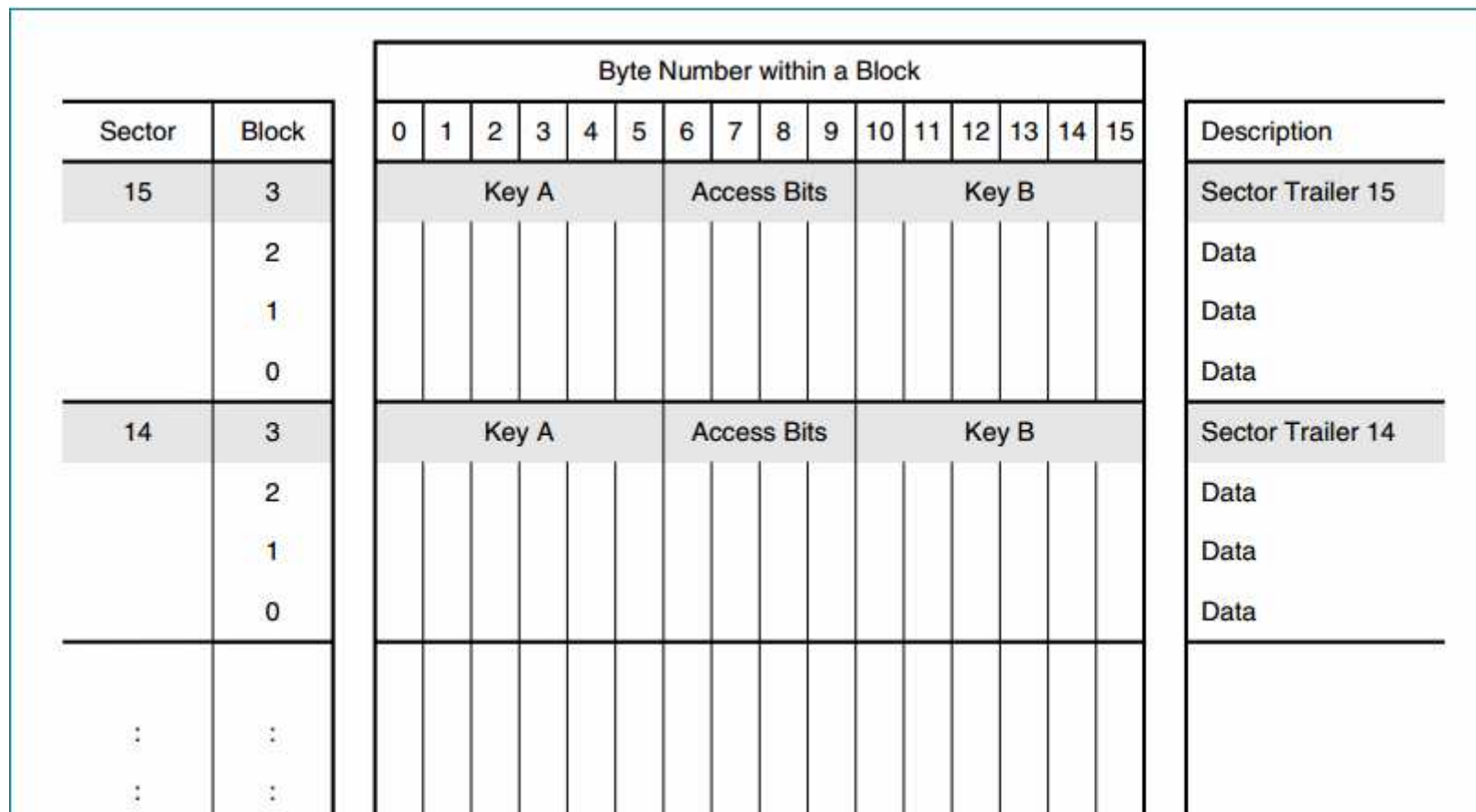
Table of contents

- Mifare Classic 1k
- NFC-Tools Api
- Demo
- Exercises

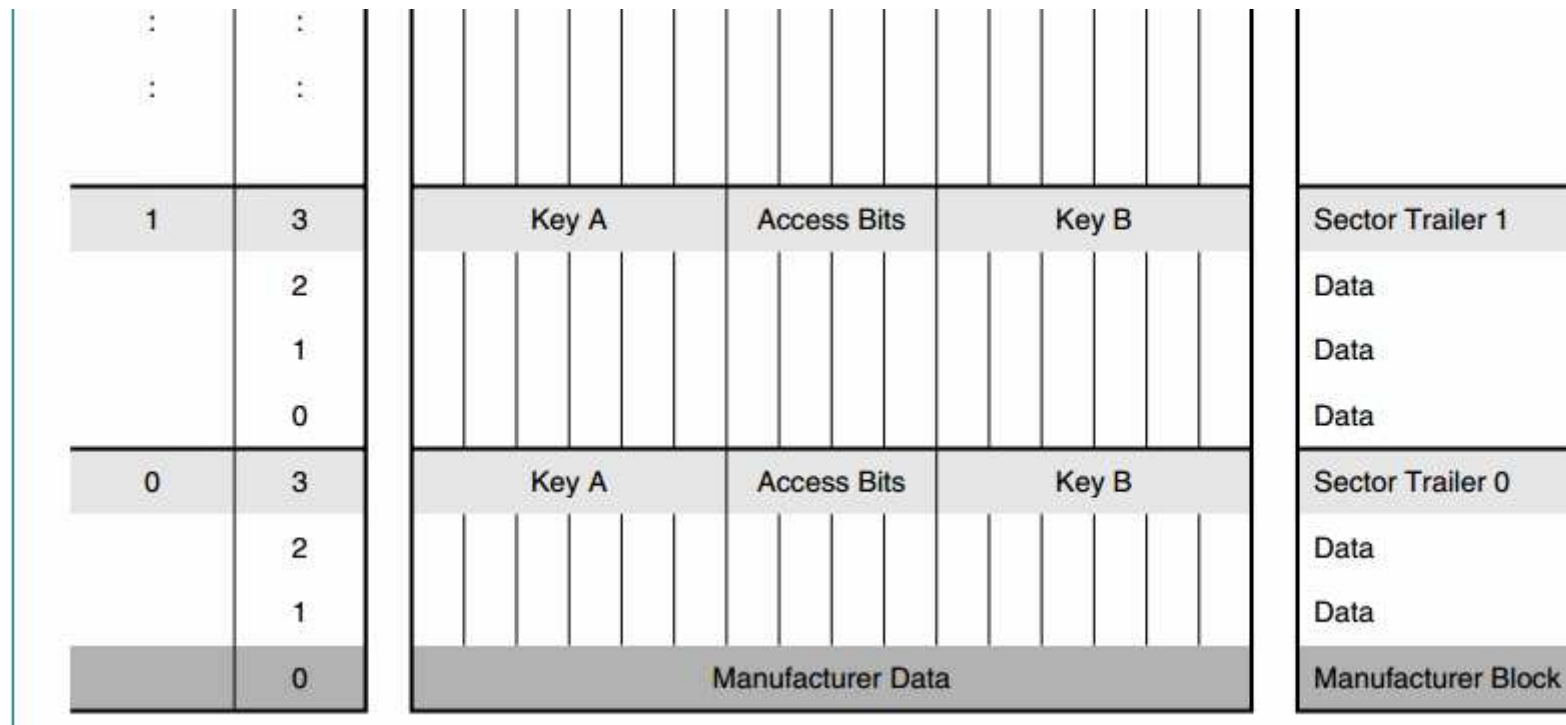
Mifare Classic 1k description

- 16 sectors, each sector contains 4 blocks,
- 3 user blocks (block 0 to 2) and one key block (block 3)
- Sector 0 block 0 cannot be used (contains manufactory data)
- Each block contains 16 bytes.
 - $16 * 4 * 16 = 1024 \text{ bytes} = 1\text{k}$

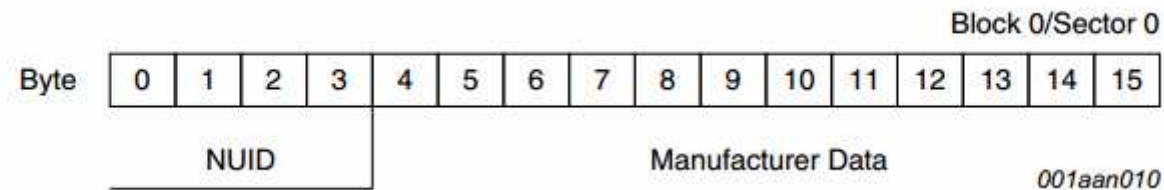
Memory organization



Memory organization



Manufacturer block



- Programmed and write protected during production
- Non unique Identifier

User's blocks

- Two types of user's blocks (Data block and Value Block)
- Data block has no memory structure (read/write block)
- Value Block has a memory structure with a value and an address

Byte Number	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Description	value				$\overline{\text{value}}$				value				adr	$\overline{\text{adr}}$	adr	$\overline{\text{adr}}$

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Sector Trailer

Byte Number	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Description	Key A					Access Bits				Key B (optional)						

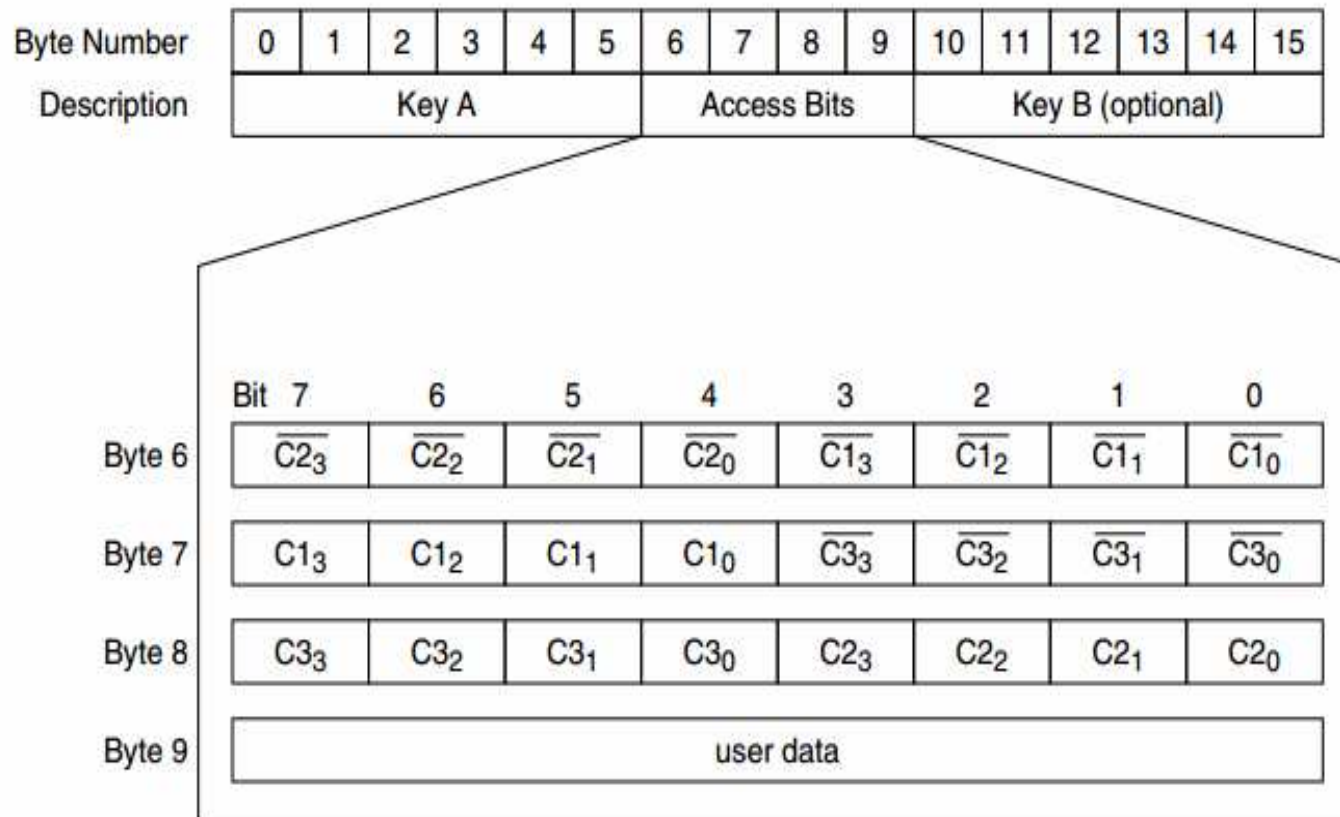
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- At chip delivery keys are set to FFFFFFFFFFFFFh

Memory Access

Operation	Description	Valid for Block Type
Read	reads one memory block	read/write, value and sector trailer
Write	writes one memory block	read/write, value and sector trailer
Increment	increments the contents of a block and stores the result in the internal data register	value
Decrement	decrements the contents of a block and stores the result in the internal data register	value
Transfer	writes the contents of the internal data register to a block	value
Restore	reads the contents of a block into the internal data register	value

Access conditions



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Access conditions for sector trailer

Access bits			Access condition for						Remark
			KEYA		Access bits		KEYB		
C1	C2	C3	read	write	read	write	read	write	
0	0	0	never	key A	key A	never	key A	key A	Key B may be read ^[1]
0	1	0	never	never	key A	never	key A	never	Key B may be read ^[1]
1	0	0	never	key B	key A B	never	never	key B	
1	1	0	never	never	key A B	never	never	never	
0	0	1	never	key A	key A	key A	key A	key A	Key B may be read, transport configuration ^[1]
0	1	1	never	key B	key A B	key B	never	key B	
1	0	1	never	never	key A B	key B	never	never	
1	1	1	never	never	key A B	never	never	never	

[1] for this access condition key B is readable and may be used for data

Access conditions for data blocks

Access bits			Access condition for				Application
C1	C2	C3	read	write	increment	decrement, transfer, restore	
0	0	0	key A B ^[1]	key A B ¹	key A B ¹	key A B ¹	transport configuration
0	1	0	key A B ^[1]	never	never	never	read/write block
1	0	0	key A B ^[1]	key B ¹	never	never	read/write block
1	1	0	key A B ^[1]	key B ¹	key B ¹	key A B ¹	value block
0	0	1	key A B ^[1]	never	never	key A B ¹	value block
0	1	1	key B ^[1]	key B ¹	never	never	read/write block
1	0	1	key B ^[1]	never	never	never	read/write block
1	1	1	never	never	never	never	read/write block

[1] if Key B may be read in the corresponding Sector Trailer it cannot serve for authentication (all grey marked lines in previous table). As a consequences, if the reader authenticates any block of a sector which uses the grey marked access conditions and using key B, the card will refuse any subsequent memory access after authentication.

NFC-Tools Api

- Class `TerminalHandler`
- Methods
 - void `addTerminal(Terminal)`
 - `Terminal` `getAvailableTerminal(String)`

Example:

```
TerminalHandler handler = new TerminalHandler();  
AcsTerminal terminal = new AcsTerminal();  
handler.addTerminal(terminal);  
handler.getAvailableTerminal("ACS ACR1281 1S Dual Reader 00 01");
```

NFC-Tools Api

- Class `NfcAdapter`
- Constructor `NfcAdapter(Terminal, TerminalMode)`
- Methods
 - void `registerTagListener (NfcTagListener)`
 - void `startListening ()`
 - void `stopListening ()`

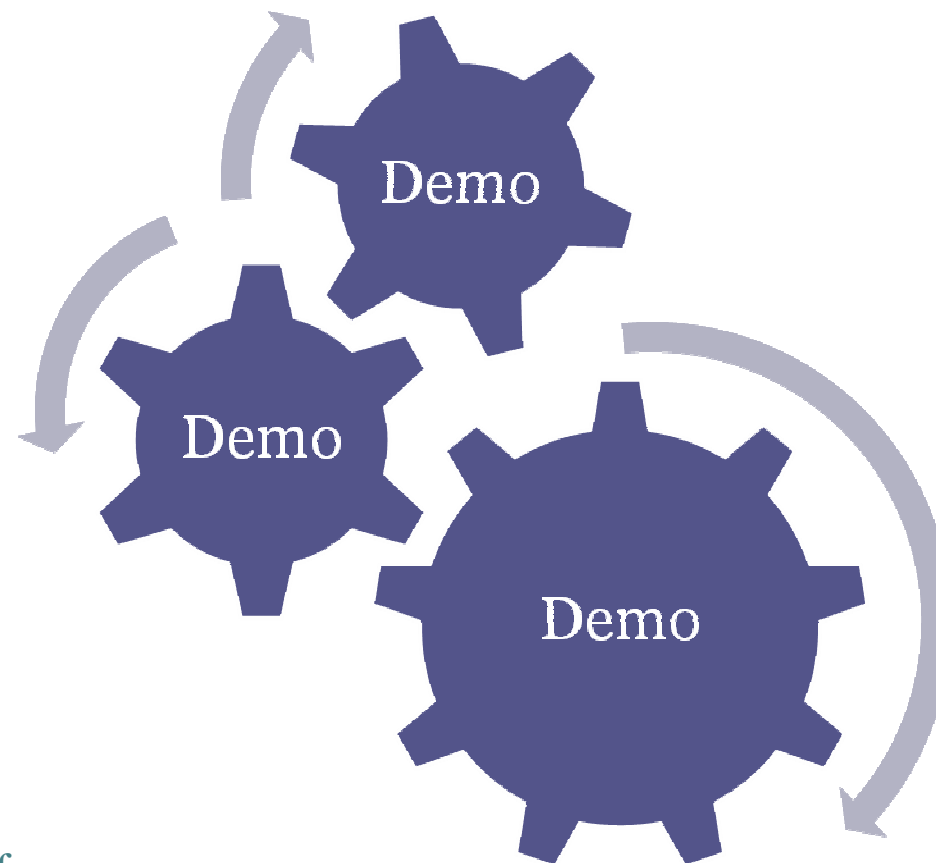
NFC-Tools Api for Mifare

- Class `AbstractCardTool` which implements `NfcTagListener` (generally we inherit from this class and redefine the method “doWithReaderWriter”)
- Class `MfClassicAccess`
Constructor `MfClassicAccess(KeyValue, int sector, int block, int blocksToRead)`
- Class `MfBlock`
- Class `DataBlock` -> `DataBlock(byte[] data)`
- Class `ValueBlock` -> `ValueBlock(int value, byte address)`
- Class `TrailerBlock` -> `TrailerBlock(byte[] data)`

NFC-Tools Api

- Class `MfClassicReaderWriter`
- Methods
 - `void writeBlock (MfClassicAccess , MfBlock)`
 - `MfBlock[] readBlock(MfClassicAccess)`

NFC-Tools Api



Exercise 1

- Create an application which writes the value 2014 hex to the sector 4 block 0
- Modify the application that we saw in the demo to read only the sector 4 block 0
- The API (jar files) is accessible here:
 - <http://cedric.cnam.fr/~bouzefra/cours/Api.zip>
- The program that reads a Mifare tag is accessible here:
 - http://cedric.cnam.fr/~bouzefra/cours/Tag_Lecture.zip

Exercise 2

- Modify the application of writing to write the trailer sector of sector 4 (change the value of key A to FFFFFFFFEE hex) **DO NOT CHANGE THE ACCESS BYTES**
- Run the application of reading (what do you see?)
- Modify the application of reading in order to read the sector 4 block 0
- Restore the default key A of the sector 4 (FFFFFFFF hex)

References

- [MF1] MF1S503x Manual
- [GRU] <https://github.com/grundid/nfctools>
- [ACR] ACR122 and ACR128 Manual
- <http://cedric.cnam.fr/~bouzefra/cours/Api.zip>
- http://cedric.cnam.fr/~bouzefra/cours/Tag_Lecture.zip
- http://cedric.cnam.fr/~bouzefra/cours_smos.html